

Gases:

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$$

$$n = \frac{V}{V_m} = \frac{PV}{RT}$$

$$P_1 V_1 = n_1 R T_1$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M}$$

P2

Gas Problems.

$$n = \frac{V}{V_m} \quad \frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2} \quad PV = nRT$$

$$\frac{m}{M} = \frac{V}{V_m} \quad \frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{T_1}{T_2} \quad \frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{T_1}{T_2} \quad P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$$

concentration / Emp + molecular formula / VSEPR

$$C = \frac{n}{V} \text{ concentration formula}$$

P2

$$V_1 C_1 = V_2 C_2 = \text{volume / concentration}$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M} \text{ formula for moles}$$

Empirical formula \rightarrow % to mass, mass to mole divide by small, multiply until whole.

Molecular formula \rightarrow divide molar mass of empirical formula of molecular formula (given) by M of empirical formula. Multiply E formula by the answer.

of element = how much it is in the compound you are using. Sealed Flask

$$D = \frac{m}{V} \quad \# \text{ of substance} = \text{all the } \# \text{ of elements added}$$

b) mol of substance \times # of element $\times M$ of single element = mass of element

c) mol of substance \times # of element = mol of element

d) mol of substance \times # of element $\times b_1 (C_2 \times 10^{23}) = \#$ of atoms in element,

e) mol of substance \times # of substance $\times b_1 (C_2 \times 10^{23})$

P2

Concentration Calculations

$$C = \frac{n}{V} \text{ mol/L} \quad \text{mL} \rightarrow \text{L} \div 1000$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M}$$

$$V_1 C_1 = V_2 C_2$$

Formula List

Sealed Flask

$$n = \frac{m}{M} \quad n = \frac{\# \text{ particles}}{\text{avogadro's \#}} \quad 6.02 \times 10^{23}$$

Mass of $\text{---} = \text{mol of comp.} \times \text{mol of element} \times \text{mol mass of element}$

of atoms of $\text{---} = \text{mol of comp.} \times \text{mol of element} \times \text{avogadro's \#}$

total # of atoms = mol of comp. \times total mols \times avogadro's #

Electron Configuration

1s 2s 2p 3s 3p 4s 3d 4p 5s 4d 5p 6s 4f 5d 6p 7s 5f 6d 7p

P2